

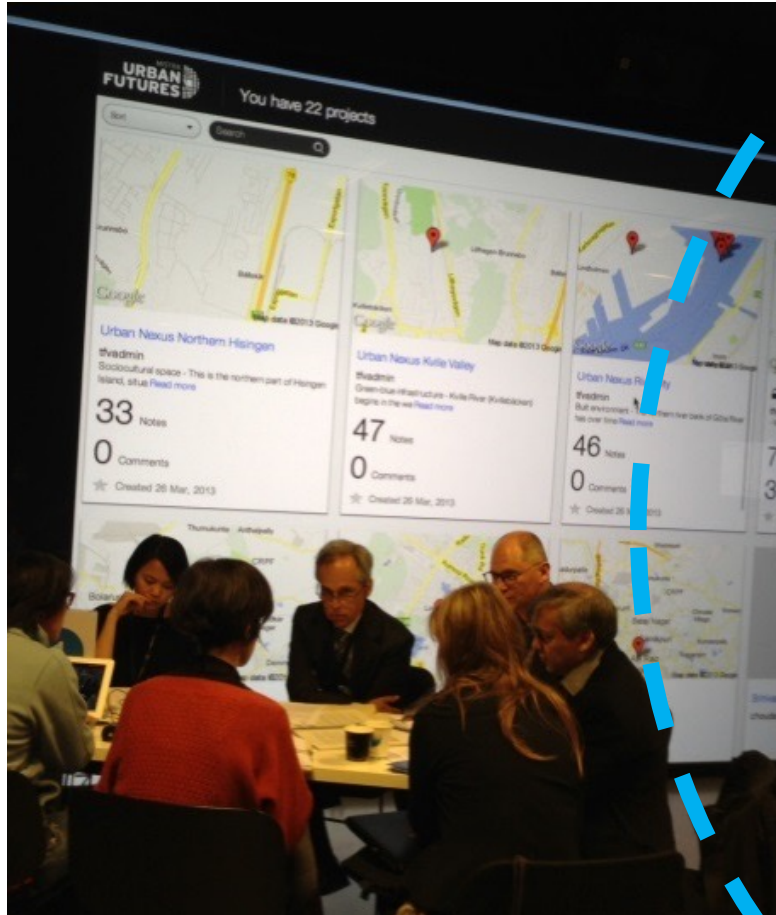
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VISUALIZATION OF INVISIBLE PARAMETERS IN URBAN 3D-MODELS

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InfraVis – National Research Infrastructure for Data Visualization

Images from project MiljöVis I+II:
<https://research.chalmers.se/en/project/?id=10036>
<https://research.chalmers.se/en/project/?id=10448>

Examples of dialouge tools for planning



Stakeholder workshop with urban planners.

Interactive maps



Digital Twin City of Gothenburg (goteborg.se/wps/portal/start/goteborg-vaxer/poddar-och-video/filmer%20om%20stadsutveckling/virtuella-goteborg-stadens-digitala-tvilling)

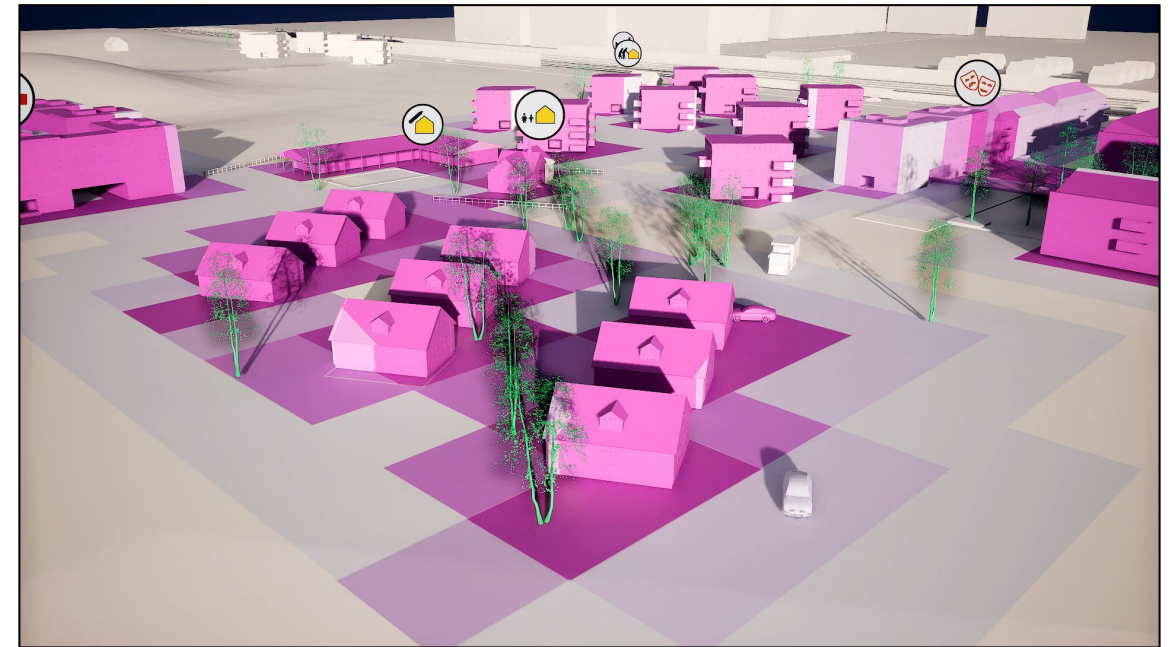
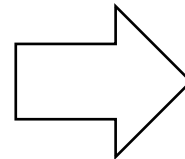
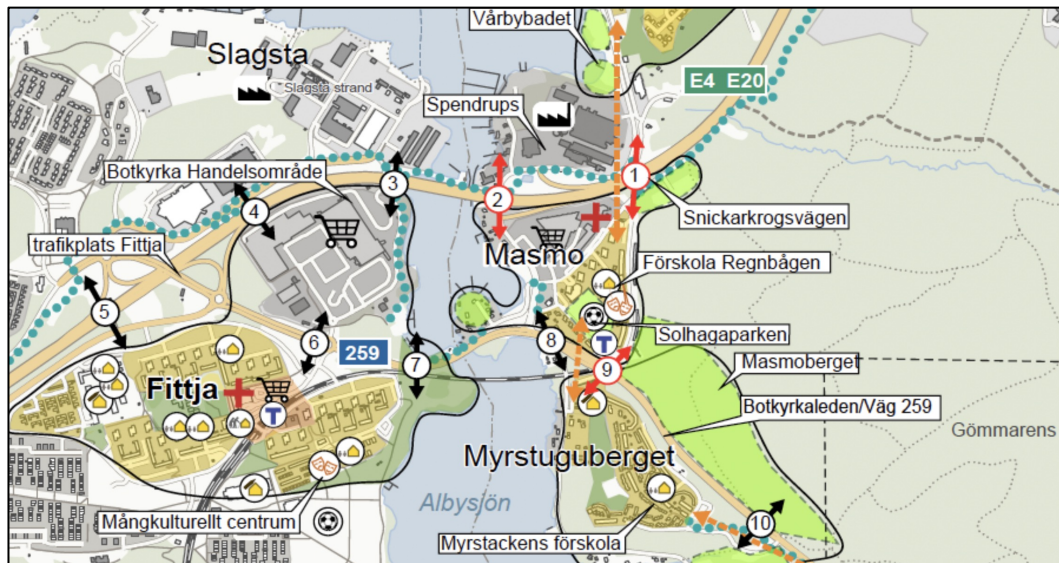
3D-models



Roleplay workshop with practitioners and researcher in an EU project.

Serious games

From 2D to 3D visualization



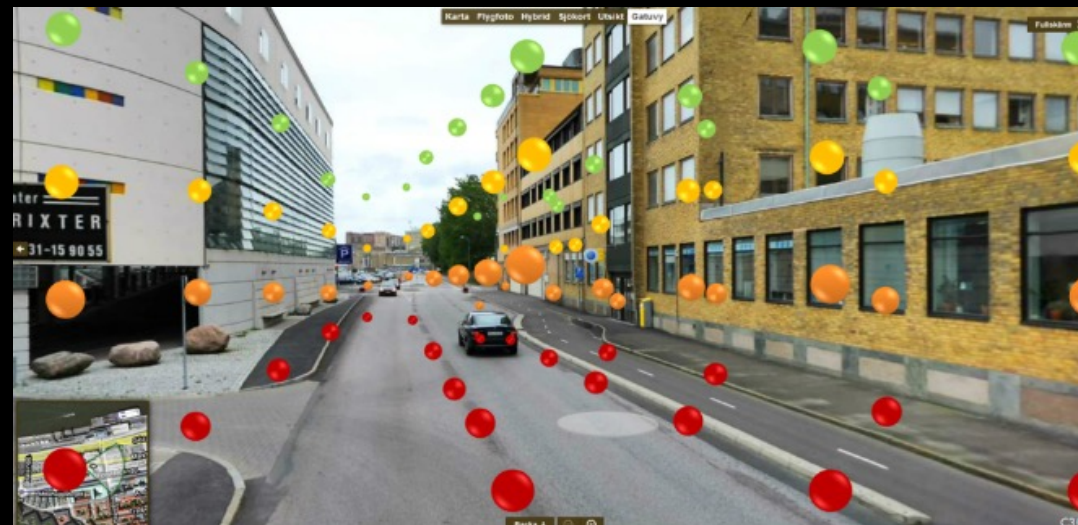
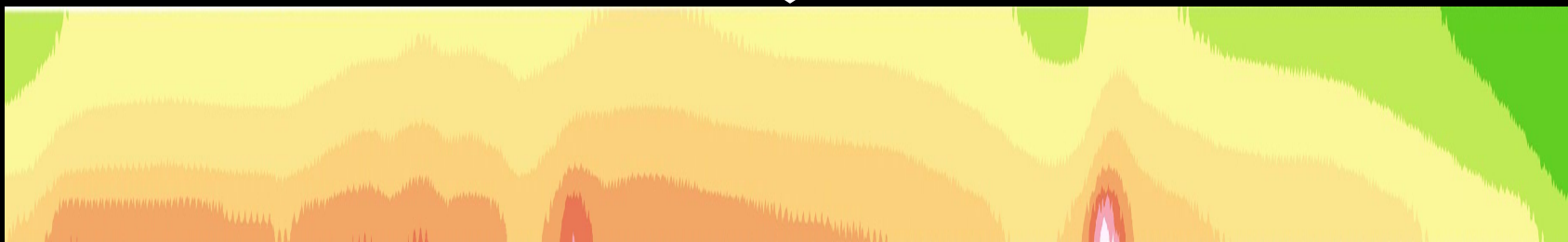
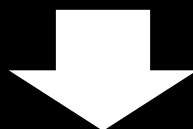
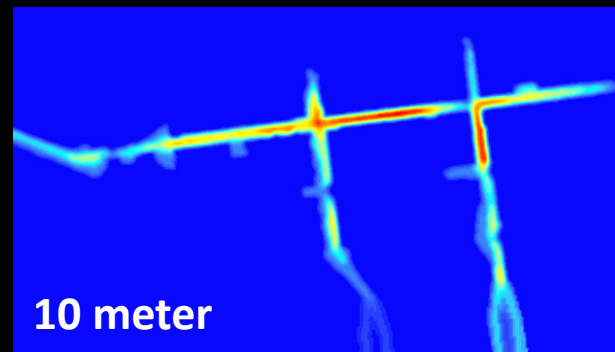
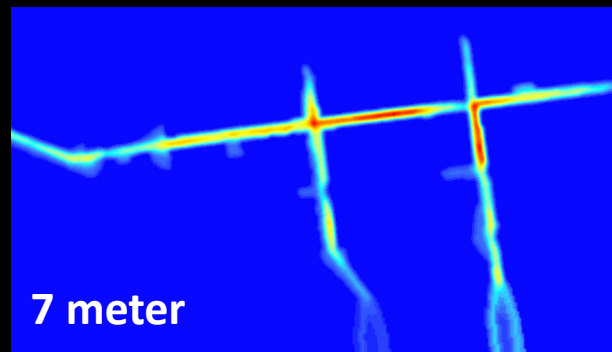
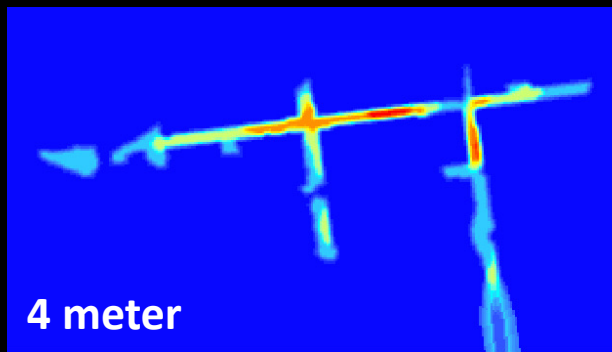
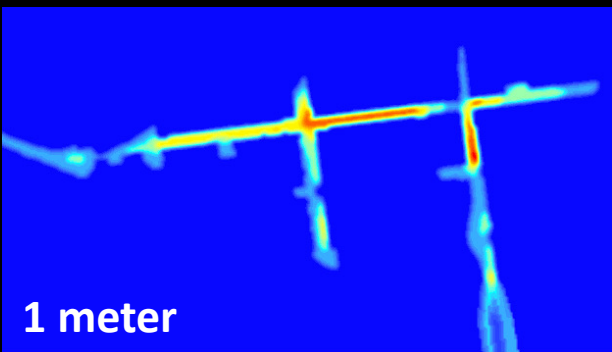
Challenges

- To integrate, model and visualise qualitative and quantitative data to represent social and environmental parameters influencing urban qualities
- To find appropriate level of data visualisation and abstraction without losing richness of information, targeting different stakeholder groups



*“the problem of displaying “invisible” data in
an urban 3D model in a comprehensible way”*

Earlier examples as background



DemoVirPen

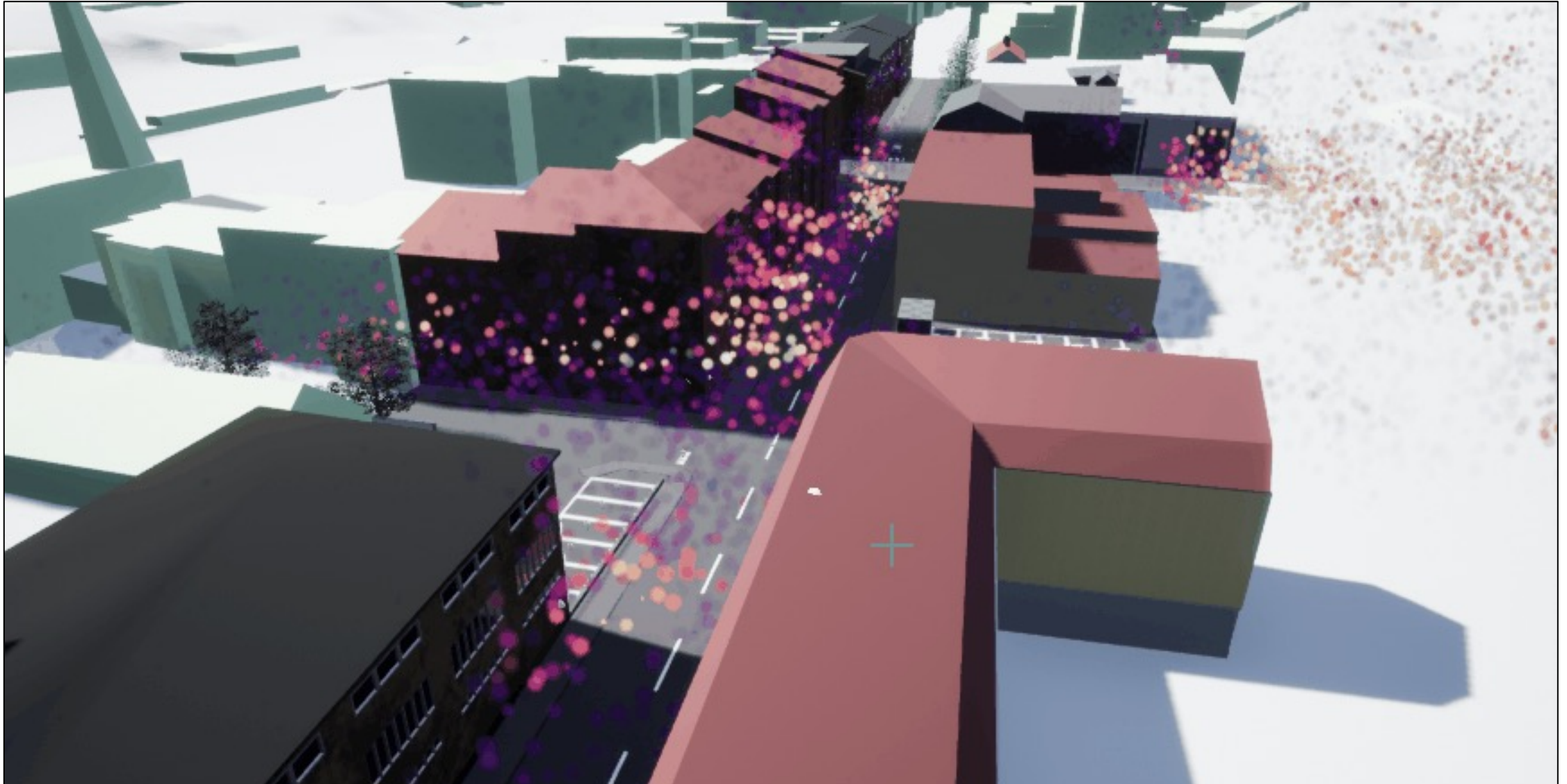
DIGITAL TWIN
CITIES CENTRE

NOISE AND INVISIBLE ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS



Example from CityAirSim: Visualizing impact of green structures on air quality

Projektledare Håkan Plejel, GU

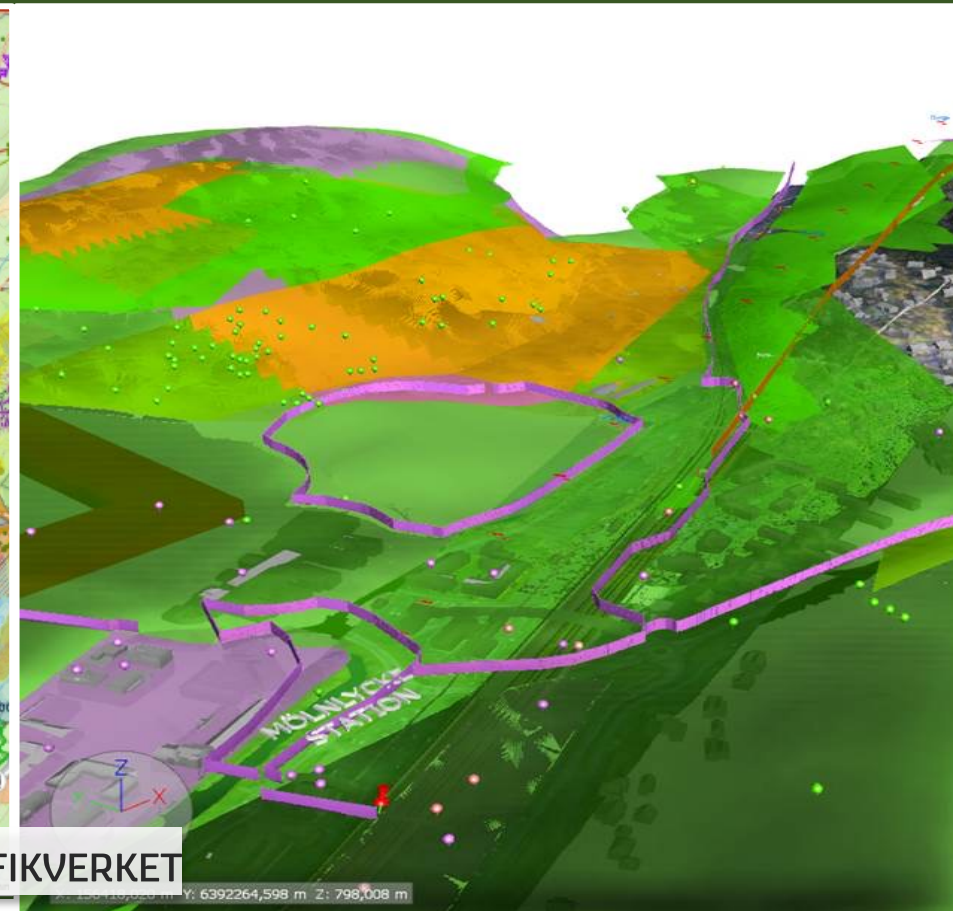
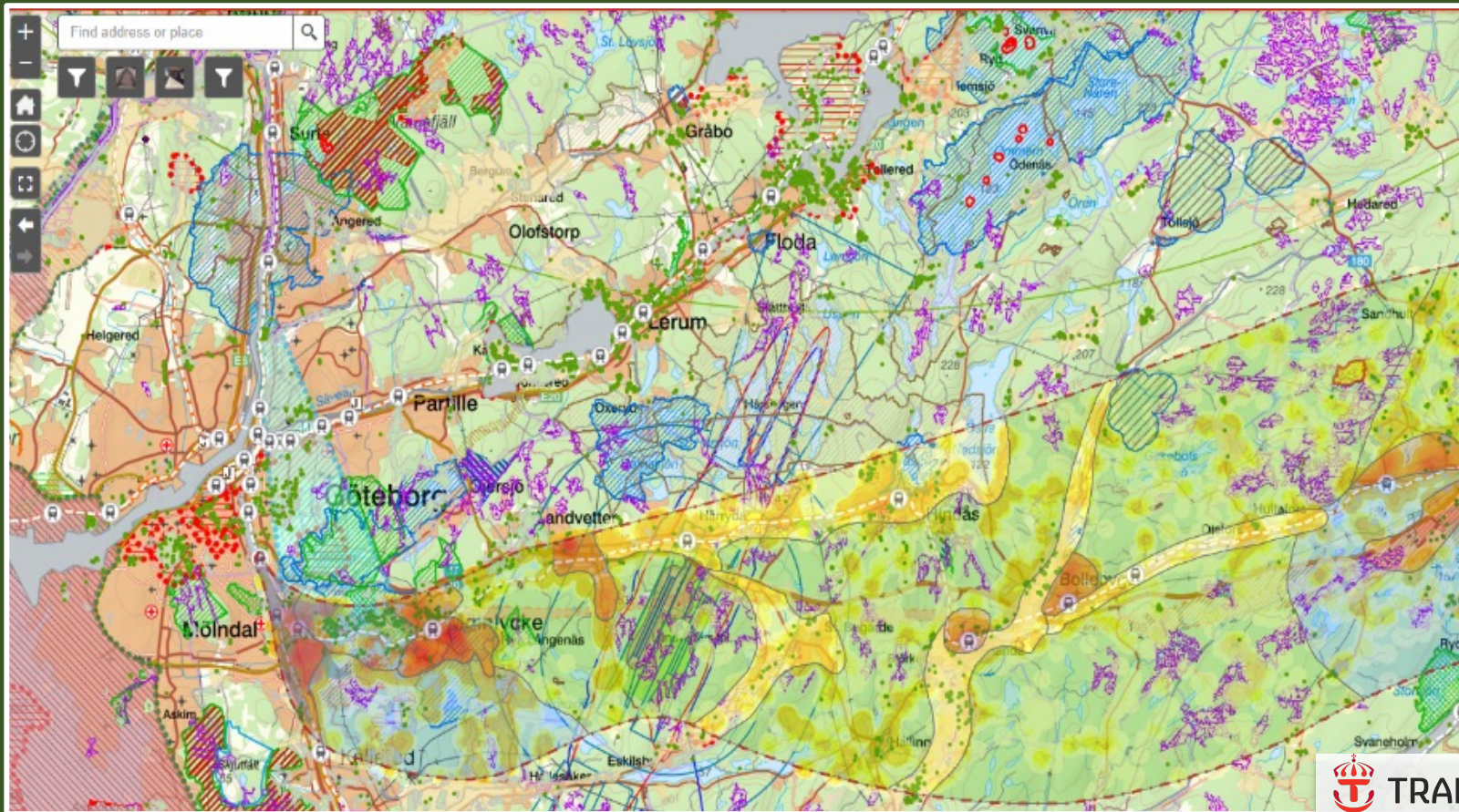


Clara Larsson et al 2023, Visualizing Invisible Environmental Data in VR: Development and Implementation of Design Concepts for Communicating Urban Air Quality in a Virtual City Model, CAAD Futures 2023:pp 253–267

On-going Projects

MiljöVis / MålVis/ FärgVis 2020-2024

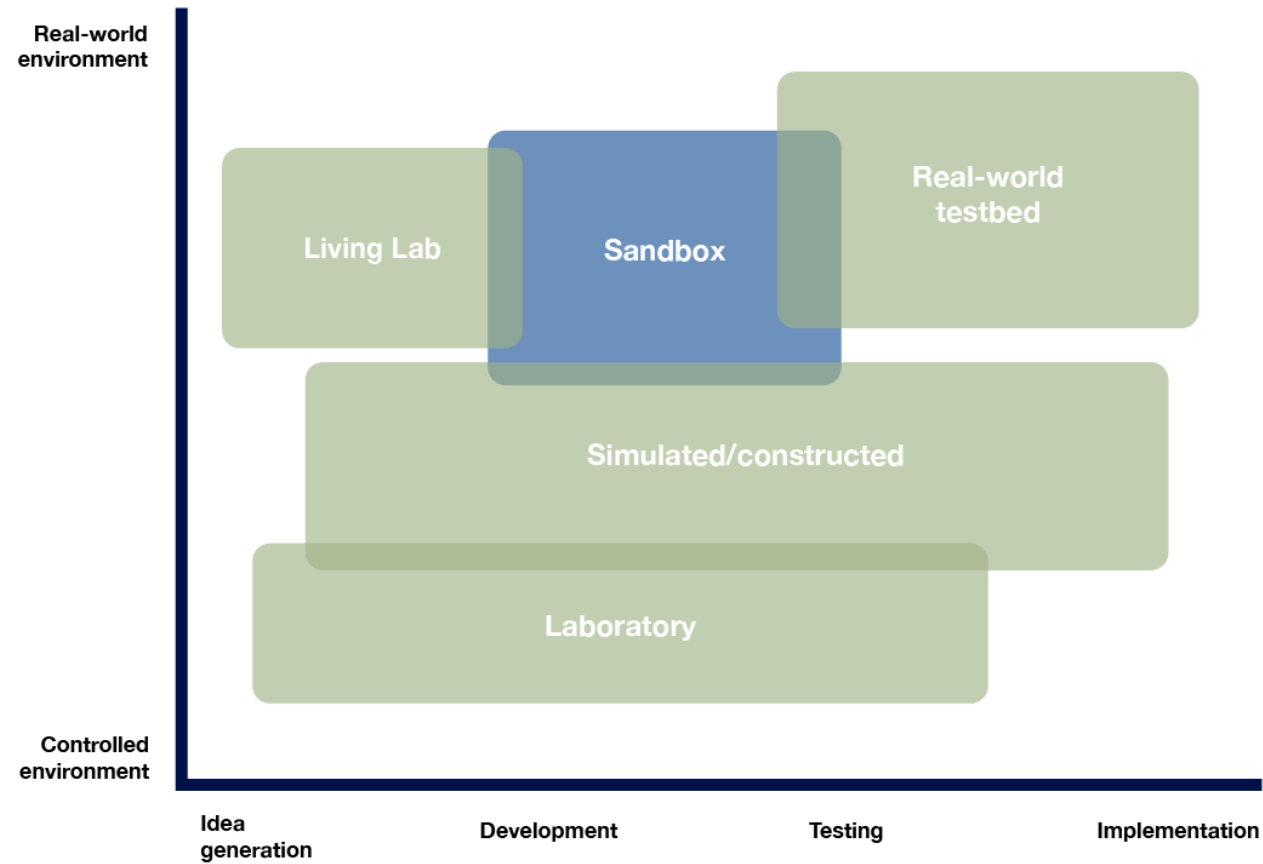
Visualization of invisible parameters in large scale coordination models



Research questions

- How can we visualize invisible data (such as air, noise, and social consequences) in 3D-models?
- What is required of the visualization for different target groups to understand the information?

Potential exploratory approaches



Concept development

Data to visualize

Noise
Air
Social consequences

Identification of target groups

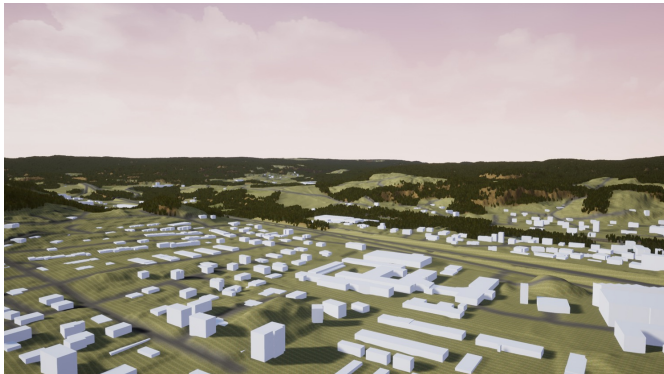
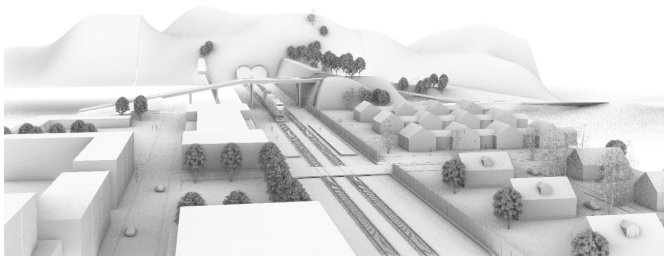
Development platform (Unreal Engine)

Sketch model: "sandbox"
Large scale model

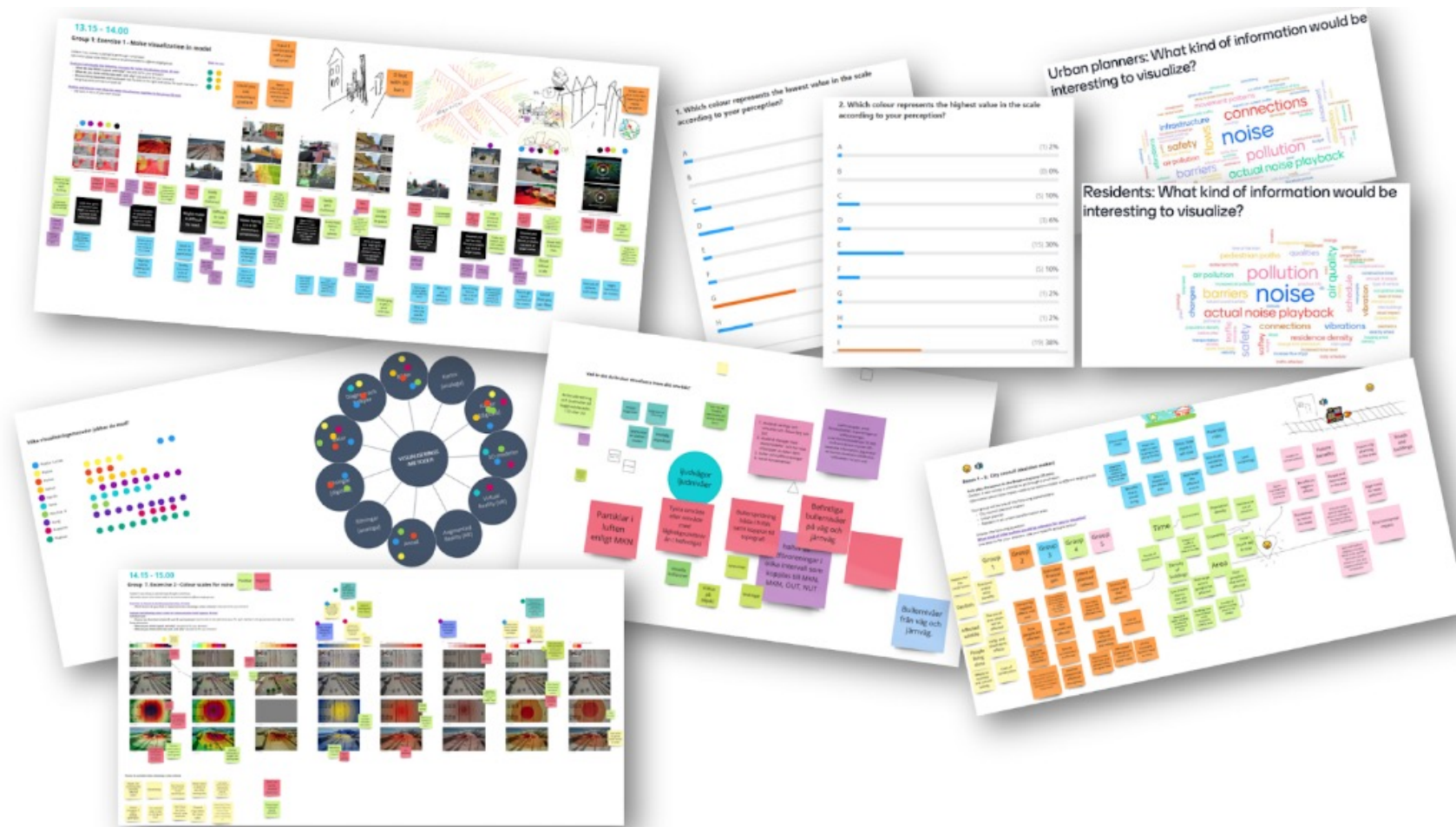
Design elaborations

User testing

Workshops
Interviews

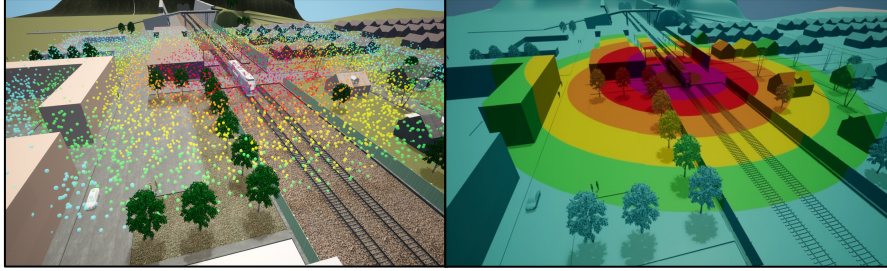


User tests in workshops and interviews

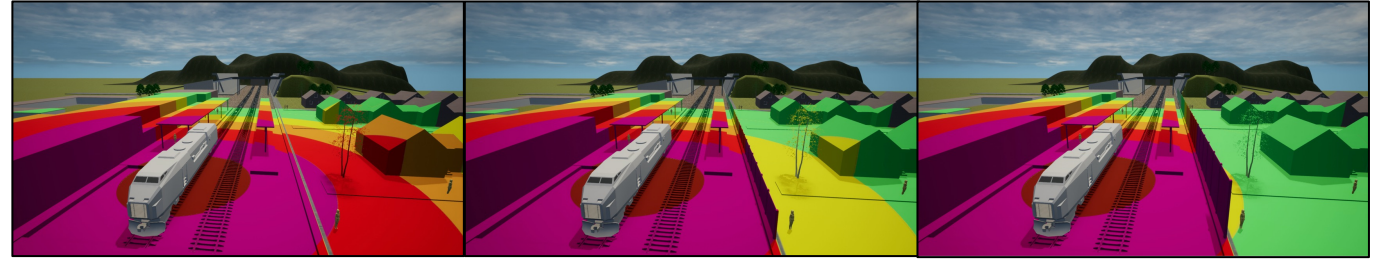


Examples of **design concepts** to test

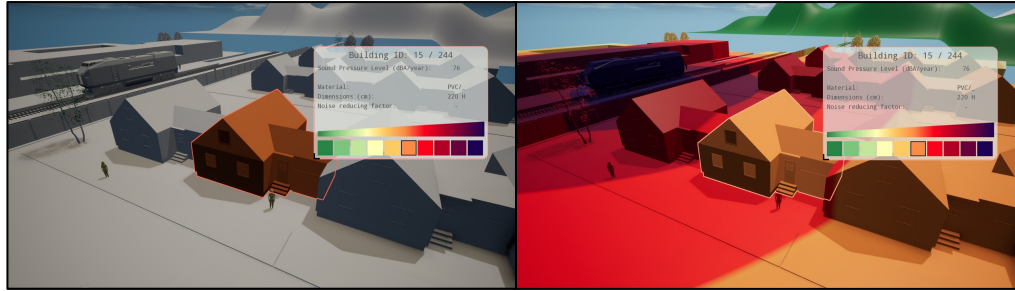
Shapes



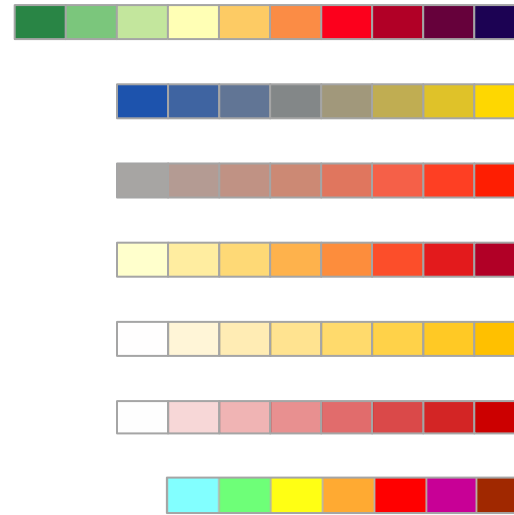
Scenarios



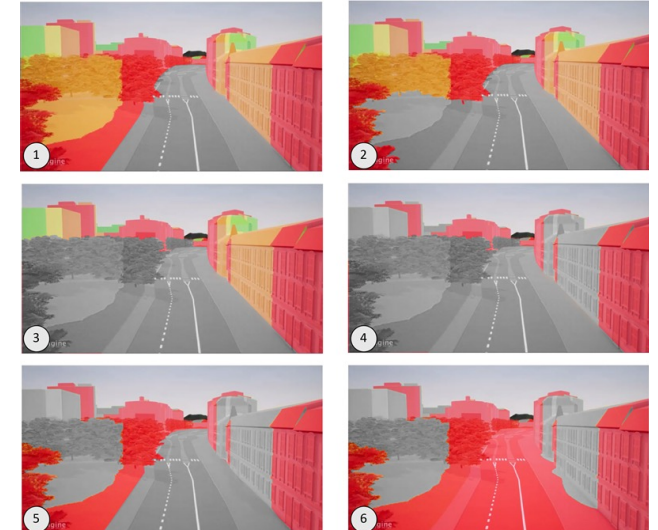
Levels of detail



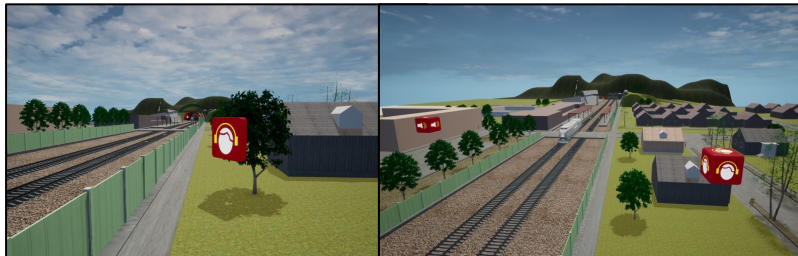
Colour scales



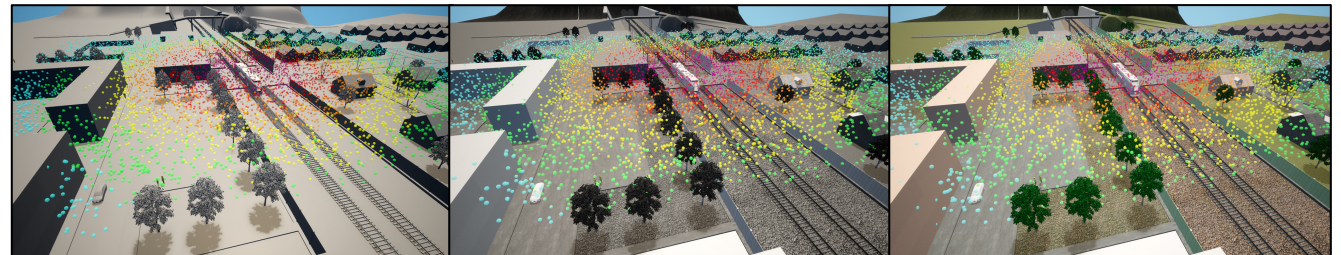
Filtrering of information



Symbols

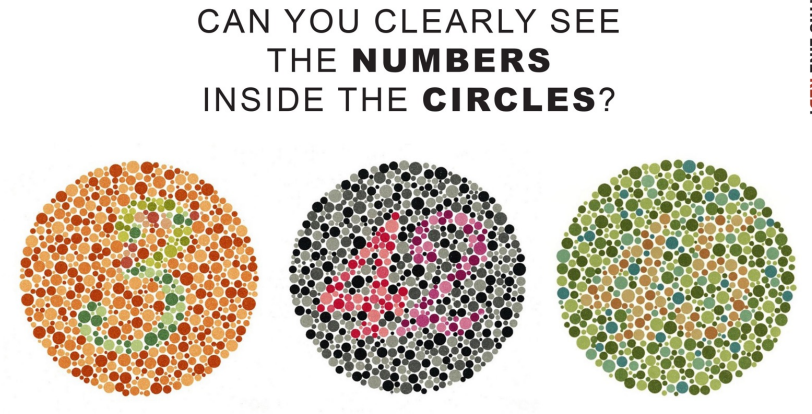


Background



FärgVis color study

How the perception of color, depending on color vision, affects the visual saliency of geospatial information in urban 3D models.



If the circles above do not clearly read **3, 42** and **45**, you might have a color deficiency!

The research project FärgVis is currently looking for participants for a study on the use of color scales for information visualization in urban 3D models. The study focuses on what colors are appropriate across user groups, including people with regular color vision as well as people with color deficiency.

As a participant you will first take a test to estimate your color vision, then assist us in evaluating different color combinations applied in images and animations of 3D models.

WHEN: August 2023 (exact dates to be agreed upon with each participant)

WHERE: Chalmers department of Architecture, Sven Hultins gata 6, Gothenburg

Participation is free of charge: You will receive 2 tickets to the cinema (SF) as a thank you for contributing to the research.

Do you know that you have a color deficiency? Do you have regular color vision but are generally interested in color and research?

Sign up to participate in the study by using the link below!

Link to submission form

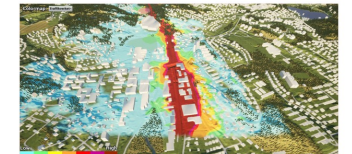
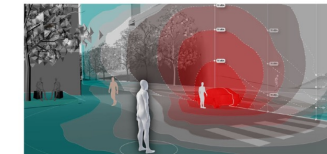
<https://ui.unipd.com/Surveys/39fd0d99-bad4-4433-9309-ed7bd983f54f>



Thank you for your interest!

Monica Billger, Beata Stahre Wästberg and Lina Zachrisson

For questions about the study, please contact Lina Zachrisson (lina.zachrisson@chalmers.se)



Help us evaluate which color scales work for information visualization in 3D models!

To conclude...

How can we visualize invisible data (such as air, noise, and social consequences) in 3D-models?

What is required of the visualization for different target groups to understand the information?

Proposed workflow guidelines

Why?

1. Motivation for visualizing data in 3D

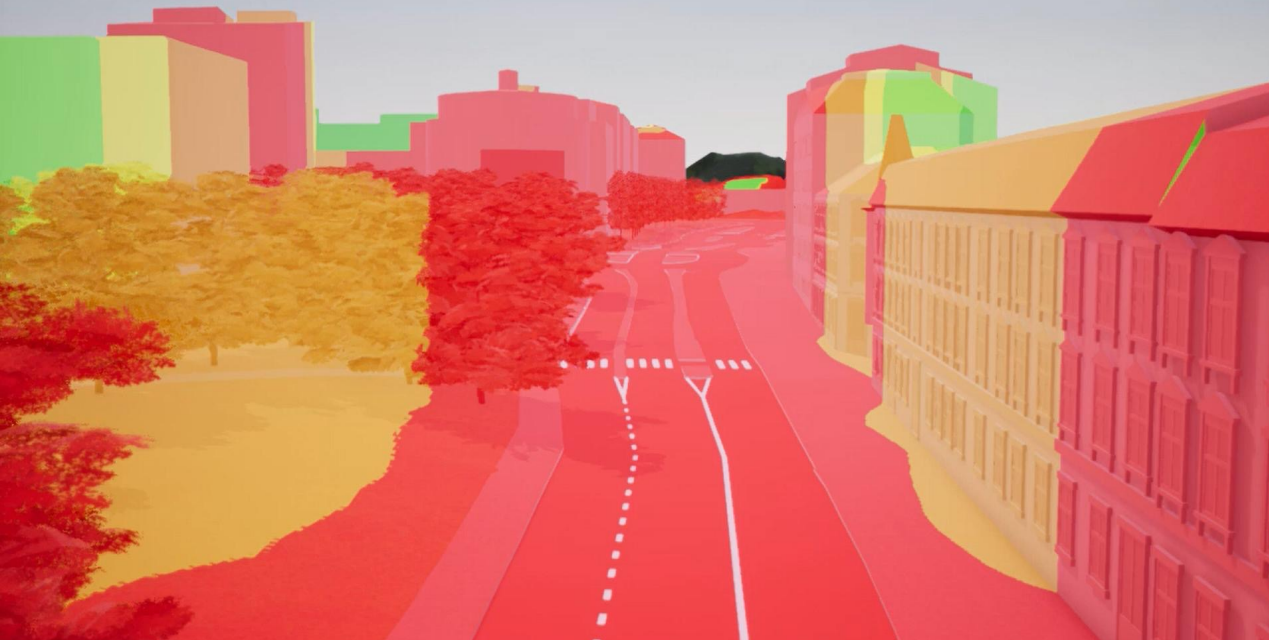
For Whom/What?

2. Identify and select **relevant target groups** and **ways of visualizing data**
3. Define **what kind** of data to focus on

How?

4. Develop the sandbox model **before** developing the realistic location bound 3D-model
5. Develop **prototypes** for visualization of data
6. **Test** the data visualization prototypes in the sandbox model
7. **Adapt** the visualization to the needs of the target groups

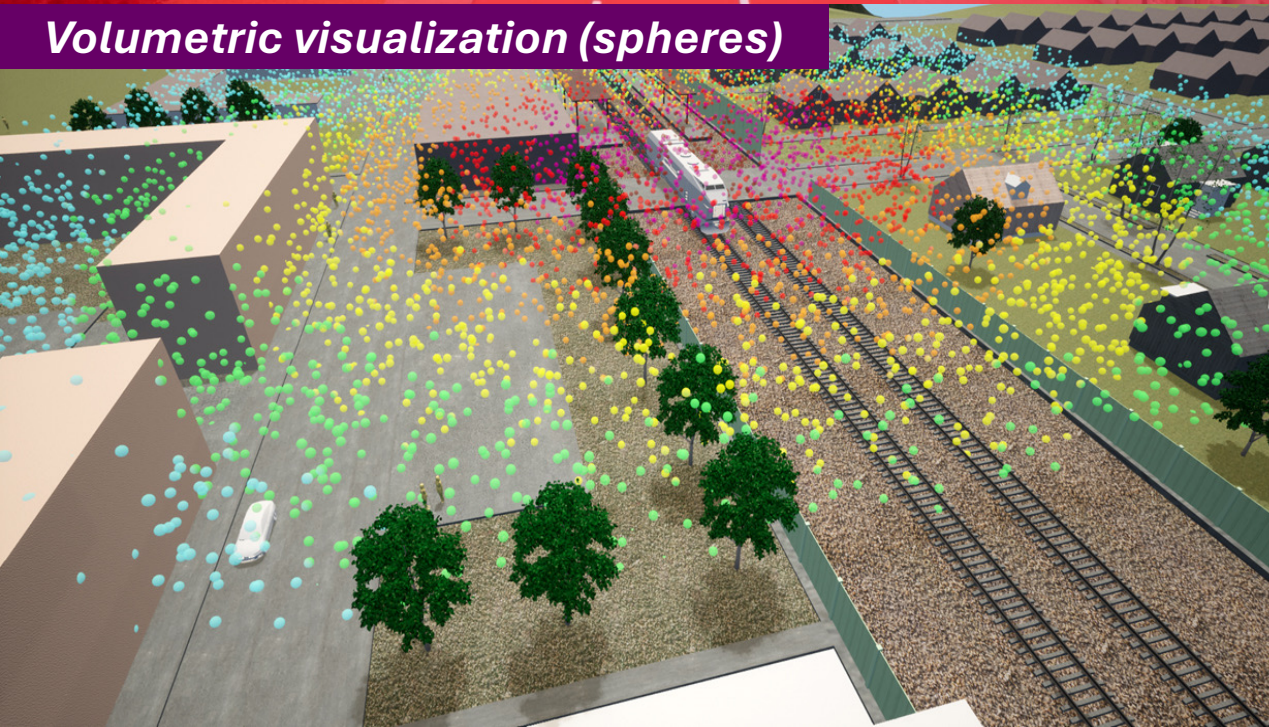
Draped heatmap



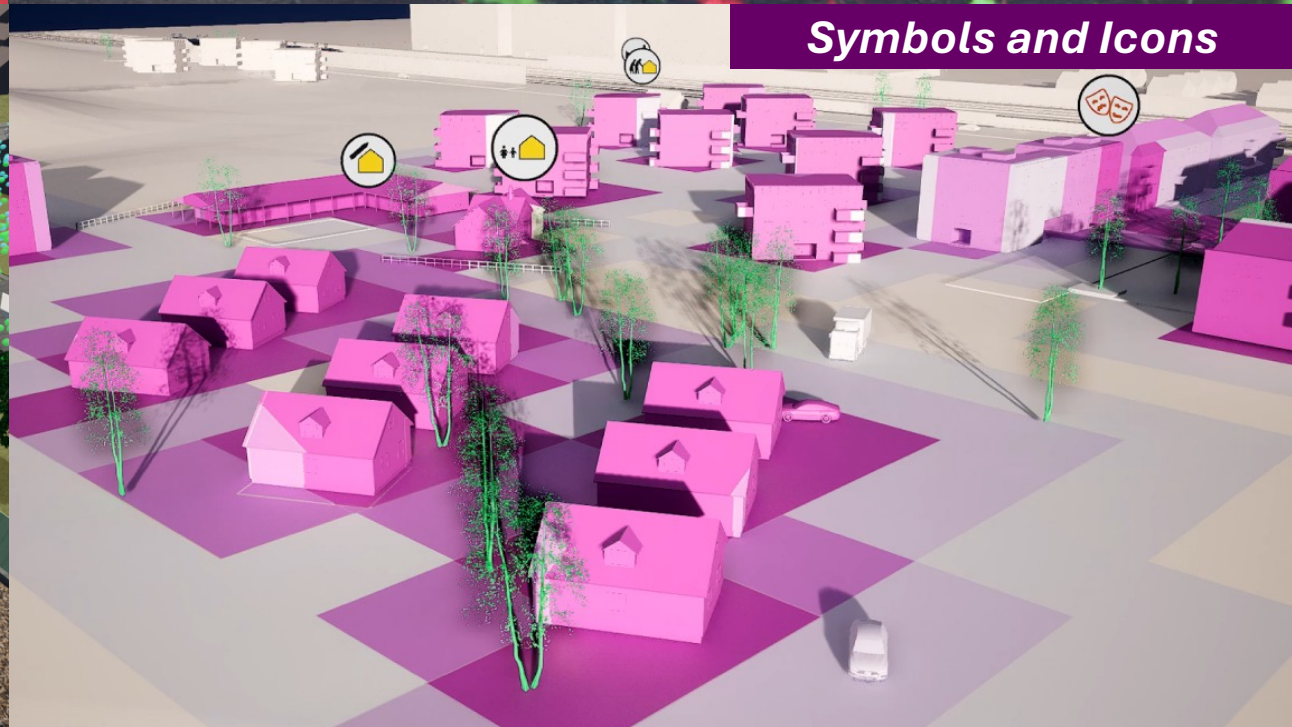
Volumetric visualization (particles)



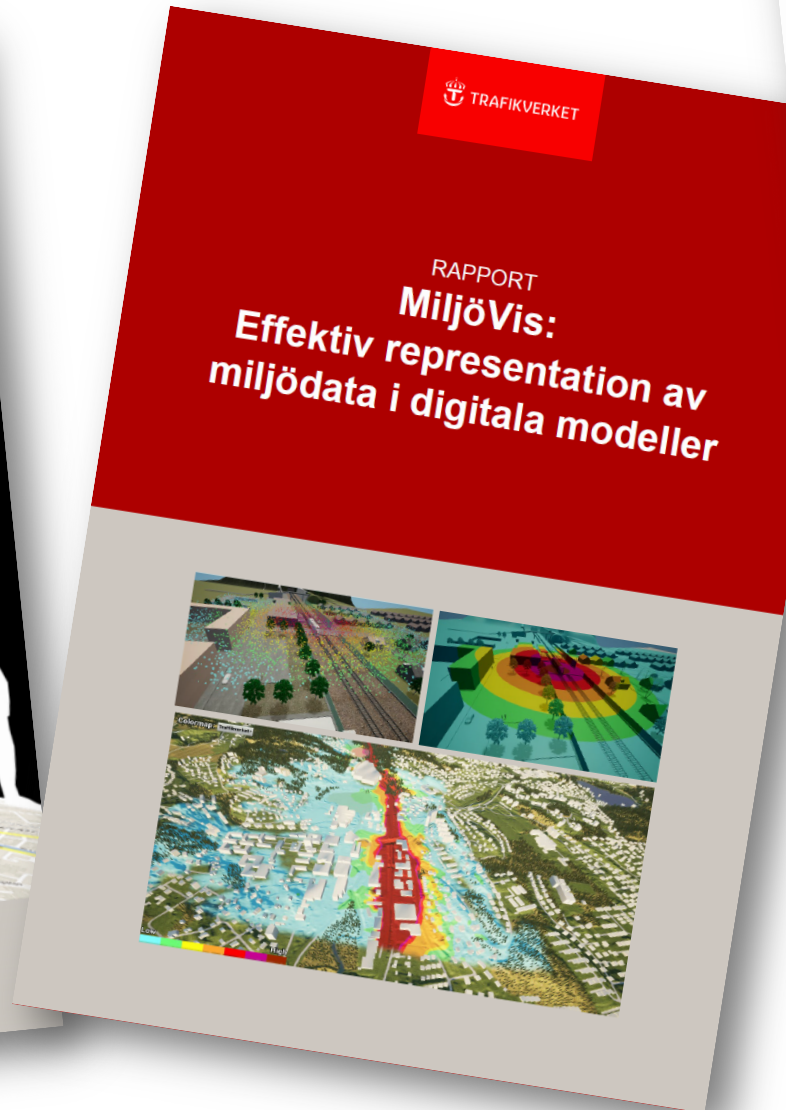
Volumetric visualization (spheres)



Symbols and Icons



MiljöVis publications



A proposed workflow for conceptual visualization studies in urban 3D-models

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Abstract
Different types of invisible parameters, such as air quality and noise, are all affected by new constructions of infrastructure and buildings and should be considered as important aspects in the design of new urban environments. At the same time these parameters are difficult to grasp for non-experts. Effective visualization offers possibilities to include and create consensus among stakeholders in urban planning processes and thus contributes to a holistic view and more sustainable solutions. This paper presents and discusses a proposed method for conceptual explorations for visualizing environmental data, using a so-called sandbox model with fictitious data. One question is in focus: How can a sandbox model be used for the development of visualization concepts in urban 3D-models? In this paper we demonstrate our methodology using noise pollution data applied in one of our research projects carried out together with the Swedish Transport Administration (Trafikverket). This project explores new solutions for visualization of environmental data in Trafikverket's geographically large-scale 3D-models. In order to conduct design elaborations in an adapted environment a sandbox model was developed as part of the workflow. Here various concepts for visualization solutions were developed and tested in a series of user tests. Based on this developed methodology through application, we propose guidelines for conceptual elaborations in a sandbox model for visualization of data in urban 3D-models. This research approach contributes to developing new methodology for information visualization of environmental data in urban 3D-models.

Keywords: Sandbox-model, design research, data visualization, information visualization, urban 3D-models, urban planning

Framtidens Göteborg

Göteborg är en växande stad.
År 2035 beräknas det finnas ytterligare
115 000 göteborgare. Därför måste det
byggas bostäder, arbetsplatser, parker
och infrastruktur. Här kan du följa några
projekt för framtiden Göteborg.

Göteborg of the future

Göteborg is a growing city. It is predicted to increase its population by 115,000 people by the year 2035. Therefore, it is necessary to build housing, workplaces, parks and infrastructure. Here you can follow some of the projects for the future of Göteborg.

Liseberg

Liseberg is a growing area. It is predicted to increase its population by 115,000 people by the year 2035. Therefore, it is necessary to build housing, workplaces, parks and infrastructure. Here you can follow some of the projects for the future of Göteborg.



Haga

Haga is a growing area. It is predicted to increase its population by 115,000 people by the year 2035. Therefore, it is necessary to build housing, workplaces, parks and infrastructure. Here you can follow some of the projects for the future of Göteborg.



Korvvägen

Korvvägen is a growing area. It is predicted to increase its population by 115,000 people by the year 2035. Therefore, it is necessary to build housing, workplaces, parks and infrastructure. Here you can follow some of the projects for the future of Göteborg.



VisLab Universeum

MiljöVis / MålVis

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